

REMARKS

Prior to entry of this paper, Claims 1-33 were pending. Claim 1-33 were rejected. In this paper, Claims 1, 10, 22, 28, and 31-33 are amended; No claims are added or deleted. Claims 1-33 are currently pending. No new matter is added by way of this amendment. For at least the following reasons, Applicants respectfully submit that each of the presently pending claims is in condition for allowance.

Claim Rejections Under 35 USC § 112

Claims 1, 22, 28 and 31 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In response, Applicant's representative has amended claims 1, 10, 22, 28, and 31 to recite that the downloaded component inspects, thereby making it clearer that the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention. Thus, Applicant's representative submits that claims 1, 10, 22, 28, and 31 particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention, this rejection should be withdrawn.

Claim Rejections Under 35 USC § 103

Claims 1-2, 4, 7, 10-11, 13-16, 21-23, 25, 28 and 30-31 were rejected under U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kang in view of Shah. Claims 3 and 12 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Kang and Shah in view of Levine. Claims 5-6, 17-18, 24 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Kang and Shah and further in view of Golan. Claims 8 and 9 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Kang and Shah and further in view of Non-Patent Literature on the Print Distributor 2.0 System (hereafter "2.0 System"). Claim 19 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Kang and Shah and further in view of Ishikawa. Claim 20 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Kang and Shah and further in view of Mahany. Claim 26 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Kang and Shah as applied to

claim 22 above, and further in view of Kouznetsov. Claim 27 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the combination of Kang and Shah as applied to claim 22 above, and further in view of Kouznetsov and Non-Patent Literature on the Print Distributor 2.0 System (hereafter "Print Distributor 2.0). Claim 32 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kang and further in view of Golan. Claim 33 was rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kang and further in view of Levine. Applicant's representative traverses these rejections.

Nevertheless, without conceding to the merits of any of the Office Action's rejections and in order to expedite prosecution, independent claims 1, 10, 22, 28, and 31-33 are amended to provide further clarification. Thus, amended independent claim 1, for example, is allowable over the combination of the cited prior art references, at least because the combination fails to teach or suggest "wherein the downloaded component inspects the client device to detect a configuration of the client device, including determining whether client security software beyond a virtual sandbox is active on the client device." Support for such amendments may be found throughout the Applicant's specification as originally filed, including at least on page 8, lines 9-12, and page 13, lines 11-12.

The combination of the cited prior art references, Kang and Shah, fails to teach or even suggest such a limitation. The Office Action conceded that Kang fails to teach or suggest downloading a component that inspects the client device to detect a configuration of the client device. However, Applicant's representative submits that Shah merely teaches programmatically analyzing the client system to determine the presence of one or more of the plurality of devices and the one or more programs. See Shah, Col. 76 lines 4-7, and lines 24-25. (Emphasis added). Thus, Shah also fails to teach or suggest determining whether client security software is active on the client device. Such determination of being active on the client device is more than merely determining a presence of such software on the client device. It also requires that the software be active. Such determination is not taught or suggested by Shah. Thus, for at least this reason, the combination of Kang with Shah fails to teach or suggest this limitation.

Amended independent claims 10, 22, 28, 31, 32, and 33 recite, among other things, that the downloaded component includes determining what (or whether) client security software is active on the client device. Thus, for at least the same reasons as cited above, these claims are also not rendered obvious over Kang with Shah.

However, amended independent claims 31-33 further recite that the inspection includes whether a hacker tool is enabled on the client device. Support for such amendments are found throughout the Applicant's specification as originally filed, including at least on page 13, lines 24-26. While Golan teaches that a security monitor creates a virtual sandbox within which the component is permitted to execute freely, while enforcing compliance with a predefined set of security rules, Golan, Kang, and Shah, each fail to teach or suggest determining whether a hacker tool is enabled on the client device. Moreover, none of the other cited references appear to teach or suggest such limitations. Thus, for at least the reasons cited above, the combination of cited prior art references fail to satisfy a prima facie case for obviousness for at least amended claims 1, 10, 22, 28, and 31-33. Therefore, Applicant's representative respectfully requests that the rejections of at least these claims be withdrawn.

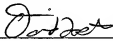
Dependent claims 2-9 depend from claim 1; claims 11-21 depend from claim 10; claims 23-27 depend from claim 22; and claims 29-30 depend from claim 28. Therefore for at least the same reasons as the independent claims from which they depend, each of these claims are also not rendered obvious over the cited prior art references. Thus, the Applicant's representative respectfully requests that the rejections of claims 1-33 be withdrawn.

CONCLUSION

It is respectfully submitted that each of the presently pending claims (Claims 1-33) is in condition for allowance and notification to that effect is requested. Examiner is invited to contact the Applicant's representative at the below-listed telephone number if it is believed that the prosecution of this application may be assisted thereby. Although only certain arguments regarding patentability are set forth herein, there may be other arguments and reasons why the claimed invention is patentable. Applicant reserves the right to raise these arguments in the future.

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Respectfully submitted,

By  (60902) for
Jamie L. Wiegand

Registration No.: 52,361
DARBY & DARBY P.C.
P.O. Box 770
Church Street Station
New York, New York 10008-0770
(206) 262-8915
(212) 527-7701 (Fax)
Attorneys/Agents For Applicant